

BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER

BY BOUTELLE & BURR.

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Have some of the best artists in New England.

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48 MAIN STREET,

ZYONETTY
Something New for the
SENSES
The Latest and Best Yet.

Economy and Durability.

Call and Examine Them at

FRANK D. PULLEN & CO'S.

All Sizes in White and Colored Cuffs and Collars for Boys and Ladies.

Also a Job-Box of

JOINTS

Worth 50¢; will be sold for 25¢ per pair. Look at Them.

And do not miss the

LINE OF NECKTIES

Samples of which can be seen in our Great Show Windows, corner

of State and Exchange Streets.

FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.

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GRAND OPENING!

Having just returned from New York, where I have selected

THEES & CO'S.

OP

GRAND OPENING,

ON

Saturday, October 15th.

I have added to my usual stock

AN ELEGANT LINE

OF

FUR-LINED CIRCUS'S.

Among these I have a Job Lot that I shall offer at

CHEAT BARGAINS!

I shall be pleased to see all my friends at

48 MAIN STREET,

CED. A. STETTER.

10422

Now is the Time to Sharpen Up

and get ready for business. I have on hand

1,000 Dozen FILES

And am ready to sell at 10 cents per dozen, or

which I am sure will be a good price.

The Lower Prices.

Call and see them.

Old Files Re-cut as usual.

JOSEPH COLLETT — Exchange St.

NEW PHOTOGRAPHS, ATOTYPES, AND

PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS.

MARSTON & GIBBON, BOSTON STREET.

Shawl Pin Lost.

Lost in the city. Two pins attached to chain.

The pins are great favor by leaving the same at a Whig Office. *Lost.*

Mitchell's Belladonna Plaster.

As efficient, remedy for pain or weakness in the Breast, Side, Weak Legs, Coughs, Cold Spot in Head, Weak, Aching Joints, It is the best Remedy.

It is the old, time honored Remedy, and contains an extra quantity of belladonna.

Sold by all Druggists.

THE LOMBARD

Businessmen's Company.

For a sum loan in amounts desired, loan at a very low rate of interest, and insurance, and a very good rate of interest to its employ, who exclusive

Capital.

FULLY PAID.

\$193,710

Surplus.

Loan secured, by mortgaged and guaranteed by the company, can be obtained at par of the under-

mentioned.

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Whig and Courier.

LOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. DOUTRELL, Editor.

All business letters should be addressed to Doutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor of Whig and Courier."

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1866.

Hon. Frank Jones, of New Hampshire, is making himself solid with the "boys." He seldom returns from Washington without an appointment in his pocket and his visits to the Capital are quite frequent of late.

The free-trade Louisville *Courier-Journal* finds encouragement in the fact that seven-tenths of the thirty-five Democratic congressmen who voted with Mr. Randall against the Morrison bill have not been renominated.

The Massachusetts campaign is demonstrating the fact that the Mugwump opposition to the Republican party is based solely on free trade grounds, but up to this time they have lacked the honesty to declare their purpose openly.

One of the harrowing features of the New York contest is the estrangement it has caused between the *Times* and *Post*. They are calling each other hard names and indulging in unscrupulous conduct that is truly appalling. At last accounts, however, both were solid for Cleveland and reform.

When the editor of the *Commercial* gets the affairs of the New York *World*, the *Wing* and numerous other papers running to his liking, it may possibly occur to him that it would be well to devote a little of his attention to the editorial page of the Bangor *Commercial*. At any rate we make no charge for the suggestion.

Poor Sparks, who has been sliding around in the Land Commissioner's chair under President Cleveland, has again been overruled by the Secretary of the Interior. About every important ruling that Sparks has made has met with the same fate. As an act of humanity he should be fired before he is completely crushed.

During his recent visit to Richmond, President Cleveland congratulated himself that his first introduction to the people of Virginia was at a time when they were surrounded by evidences of prosperity, whereupon the New York *Sun* cruelly remarks: "Mr. Cleveland had an opportunity to be introduced to the Virginians in 1862, but he sent a substitute."

Referring to the alleged assessment letter sent out by a Pennsylvania Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue, the New York *World* says "This is not only clearly in violation of law, but contrary to the pledges and protests of the Democratic party. But, perhaps, nothing better can be expected when an Executive order against a kindred abuse is trampled on with impunity."

It has come at last. George Fred Williams, the Massachusetts Mugwump who has been sneered at and ridiculed in the columns of the Boston *Globe*, this morning, has taken the stump for his Mugwump friend Andrew, and now! coddled in the *Globe* as making a brilliant speech which fairly bristled with "sarcasm and wisdom." This adds the finishing touch to the ridiculous campaign of the Massachusetts Democrats.

Word comes from St. Paul that "a complete list of the Democratic postmasters in the State, prepared at Washington at Government expense," has been forwarded to the Democratic campaign leaders of Minnesota. Circulars are now to be sent to said postmasters asking for funds, and those who fail to respond will be disciplined hereafter. As this interesting reform work is reported by the Democratic New York *World* of course it must be accepted as a true bill.

A Tammany Democrat comes down hard on Rufus W. Peckham, the Democratic candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, who he denounces as an "oratorical bruiser" and declares his intention of voting for Judge Daniels. The cause of his dissatisfaction is the hard thing Mr. Peckham has said about Tammany, an organization that he has repeatedly "ruled and assailed." The same rule would seem to apply to Mr. Hewitt, who has not always been on a friendly footing with the Tammany braves.

A member of the Tammany Hall Democracy is quoted as saying that it is impossible to shake the determination of Mr. George's supporters and that the probability now is that he will draw off enough votes from Hewitt to elect Roosevelt. In a few days we shall have an opportunity to test the correctness of his prediction. The business men of New York are rallying for Roosevelt and are doing every effort to work in promotion of his cause. It is almost too much to expect a Republican victory in New York city this year, but there is certainly an unusual degree of confidence in the Republican ranks and corresponding anxiety among the Democrats.

Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue Schofield pronounces the letter, calling for a three per cent. contribution from the Pennsylvania office-holders in that branch of the service, a forgery. He refuses, however, to furnish a sample of his handwriting to compare with the original. The fact that it is perfectly well known that political assessments have been exacted in Pennsylvania will not constitute something more than the simple denial of Schofield to settle this question. The matter will be thoroughly sifted by the Philadelphia *Press* on its own accord, and further developments will be made public soon.

What a person could have in sending out a bogus letter knowing full well that the fraud would be readily detected is not yet made clear.

The New York *Evening Post*, that stern exponent of all the virtues except chastity, of which it has said "offense against it have often been consistent with the possession of all the qualities which ennoble human nature and dignify human life," is now running its columns wide open for the Democratic ticket in New York. It matters not that the Republican candidate is a young man who won his spurs in practical reform work, the Post is for the Democratic machine and lies with the same readiness that has ever characterized its course under its present management. It long since ceased to be an important factor in politics, however, and its serial editorials on the beauties of the Cleveland administration in particular and the wickedness of the Republicans in general are looked upon as terrible examples of the degeneration of a once strong newspaper.

President Cleveland has ordered the suspension of two District Attorneys, one a Democrat and the other a Republican, for making political speeches. A section would likely what should possibly be done. Mr. Parsons said: "As to details, I am not ready to speak. It is certain that it will never do to degrade the white labor of the North to the level of the black labor as it exists in the South. The cause of the workingmen in the North demands that the black labor of the South shall be elevated to his standard. Educate the black man, see that his political rights are enforced, give him a comfortable home, place him on the same footing with the laborers of the entire country, and there will be no trouble or competition between these two classes of labor. But as long as his wants are few, his needs few, his political standing nil, his "manhood crushed he will remain a helpless, cheap labor and he will drag down with him the entire labor of the country. The remedy is in education."

The figures given by Mr. Blaine of the prices of labor at the South in his recent speech in Pennsylvania have been challenged from Chattanooga, where it is asserted wages range from \$1.25 to \$3 a day, instead of \$0 and "0 cents" as stated by Mr. Blaine. Mr. Parsons was asked what he thought of this and he replied: "It should be understood that in the opening of iron works and furnaces throughout the South it has been necessary to bring some skilled labor from the North. Most of these skilled laborers are colored men, and their wages range from \$1.25 to \$1.50 or \$2 a day. But these men are not representative of the black labor in the South. You will not be in the state of Georgia, Chattanooga, that the lowest wages paid to colored laborers are 90 cents a day. It will be found on investigation, unless I am greatly misinformed, that the average rate of wages paid to the mass of men employed in this industry, that is, drivers, helpers, miners and ordinary laborers, is from \$0 to 90 cents a day in store orders, which in reality is paying men 60 to 70 cents a day. The farm hands get only about \$6 per month."

Rainy protection sentiment is weakening along the line. "The cry of 'free trade' has lost its terrors, for the people are not so much interested in it as in the opposition to a conservative one and not in opposition to wise and just protection to American interests." — *Manchester Union*.

We would like to be informed where this alleged weakness has been discovered.

Vermont and Maine have already spoken

and surely are no indicator of weakness

among the protectionists can be found

in the result of the election in either State.

Neither is it apparent in the Republic States where elections are to be held next Tuesday. As to Democratic conservatism it only manifests itself in the campaign, never in Congress. Mr. Morrison and his party reform at the session of Congress in a measure so disastrous in its effects that it was kicked out of the House without even a consideration. More than this, a Democratic candidate for Congress in Massachusetts is to day pleading for votes on the distinct ground that protection is essential to the fishery industry. This does not look as though the people in the east were losing faith in the protective system, while in the west those apostles of free trade, Morrison and Hovey, are so frightened that they dodge the question altogether.

Views of a Practical Temperance Woman.

The matter was discussed at the Republican State Headquarters at Augusta, and it was decided to support the cause of the President of the Maine Infirmary by electing a Republican woman in her place. Of course this would be very easily accomplished, so far as the voter is concerned, in electing defeat of the Prohibitionists. But the result shows Mr. Stevens triumphantly re-elected, and a resounding support of the national Prohibition party. Thus the Prohibitionists in Maine have secured two "knocking down" seats in the short space of four weeks. — *Portland Correspondence of the Voice*.

The above communication in the *Voice* illustrates the one-sidedness of a one-sided issue. We yet get right down to business, no matter if it is in running a W. C. T. U. Convention, a church fair, or a sewing circle, it takes a man to do the scheming, and a man to do the reporting, to bring out all "the ways that are dark and the tricks that are vain," and it is safe to assume, at the idea of deposing Mrs. Stevens emanated from the brain of the correspondent of the *Voice*, for even those who differ politically with Mrs. Stevens would be sorry to see her leave the position she has filled so faithfully and well.

But now, that the Maine W. C. T. U. is fairly in the political arena, it must be stirred up for the contest, and for fear the women won't brandish the red flag sufficiently, some fierce and warlike little Picard ruffles to the front to save them the trouble that opposes them has an awful roar but hasn't the power to do them any harm. That a large number of the members of the W. C. T. U. deal with sorrow of the action of the State Covention at Bangor, is committing them to the support of a political party is true, but that any organized action against it was attempted is false, as shown by the result.

For a year or two there has been a strong feeling by many connected with the Union that the political tide of the W. C. T. U. will prove detrimental and that it would be better to be non-partisan, but as the word non-partisan is to this new temperance nomenclature is defined to mean Republicanism, and because of this peculiar definition antagonizing forces were brought against each other, many members quietly dropped out, while others retained their membership in name but not in activity, hence the small number of votes against the adoption of the resolution.

Steve and dissension are not cardinal virtues in an organization based on Christian love, and rather than provoke opposition the minority retire. The question that divides the Union is not of principle but expediency. The minority believe the liquor problem to be as great and difficult as ever, but that the solution does not lie in the power of a political party as yet for if all temperance men should leave their party and join the Prohibition party the party formed would be considerably smaller than the remnant of the two parties yet remaining and the liquor interest would have unchallenged control. The balance of power does not yet lie in the hands of the temperance voters and the conservative ones are wise enough to see it and will remain where they are and exert their influence in the cause of temperance legislation as heretofore.

Such is the position of the W. C. T. U. minority. "It is not that we love Caesar less but Rome more," it is not that our consciences are in debt to the evils of intemperance, but because we believe that political prostitution is a political party seeking political power which will fail in promoting the cause of temperance and thereby retard instead of advance temperance legislation and true prohibition.

One of the Unrepresented Minority.

Wages in the South.

H. C. Parsons, of Natural Bridge, West Virginia, whose experience in the South, opportunities for observation and keenness of perception, make his opinions with reference to Southern questions worthy of attention, has come to the conclusion, as Mr. Blaine has, that the Southern labor question in its aspect of competition with Northern labor will soon make itself felt in National politics. "The black laborers of the South can live," he remarked to a Tribune writer, "at a cost of 8 cents a day. Their homes are usually hovels. Their wants are bare those which are sufficient for existence. This hour is being brought into competition with the educated labor of the North. At the present time the average rate of wages is 80 to 90 cents a day and that for twelve hours. In contradist to camps on lines of railroad with which I am connected, I have seen the gang of black men start their toll at 4 o'clock in the morning, coming back for

breakfast of corn meal and bacon at 6, and have seen the same men still at work when the stars come out."

In discussing what should possibly be done Mr. Parsons said: "As to details, I am not ready to speak. It is certain that it will never do to degrade the white labor of the South to the level of the black labor as it exists in the South. The cause of the workingmen in the North demands that the black labor of the South shall be elevated to his standard. Educate the black man, see that his political rights are enforced, give him a comfortable home, place him on the same footing with the laborers of the entire country, and there will be no trouble or competition between these two classes of labor. But as long as his wants are few, his needs few, his political standing nil, his "manhood crushed he will remain a helpless, cheap labor and he will drag down with him the entire labor of the country. The remedy is in education."

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Look Out for the Earthquake!

IT WILL BE HEARD WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27th.

And countless small events, such as the appearance and disappearance, at prices that will astonish you, of the most valuable and most curious articles, will be made known for the benefit of the public.

Every customer buying 25 cents worth of any article, will receive a small gift, and a sample of the most valuable and interesting prints, at

Geo. H. Clark's 5 and 10 Cent Store,

West End Kenduskeag Bridge, Opposite D. Bugbee & Co.

Oct 27

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THURSDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1886.

The Freedom of the City of New York

YORK

FROM WASHINGTON.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Bestowed by Mayor Grace Upon
M. Bartholdi and Company.

MAINE NEWS.

FOUND DROWNED.

Supposed to be in Belfast. New York, Oct. 27. Several cards with the name "James P. W. Casey" on them and a receipt for taxes paid by J. P. W. Casey to the town clerk of Belfast, Me., Nov. 22, 1882, were found on the body of the man taken from Bonito's Point Monday last. They were sent to the coroner's office and will likely lead to the identification of the body which is at the morgue.

FROM MACHIAS.

A Schooner Launched. MACHIAS, Oct. 27. The three-masted schooner Fred A. Stahl, 619 tons, was launched this morning. She is owned by John Shaw and others.

FROM BIDDEFORD.

Conference of Congregationalists and Free Baptists.

BIDDEFORD, Oct. 27. A conference of the Congregational and Free Baptist churches of York County was held in the Congregational Church in Saco, to-day, to discuss the advisability of a Union of the two denominations in the county. Delegates and pastors were present from Biddeford, Lyman, Kennebunkport, Saco and Wells. The action of the conference resulted in favoring unity for evangelical work. An organic union was deemed unadvisable at present.

SONS OF MAINE IN WASHINGTON
All to Eastport and Farmington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27. A meeting of natives of Maine, resident in Washington, was held this evening and a committee appointed to raise \$1,000 for the relief of the sufferers by the great fire at Eastport and Farmington, Maine.

A ROTTEN BREAK.

Goes up in Two.

POINT PLEASANT, N. J., Oct. 27. Brigit Sheppard, bound from the Kennebeker River, Me., to Philadelphia, landed with 25,000 beggars, went ashore at Chadwick station this afternoon. She was so rotten that she broke in two amidships forty-five minutes after striking. All her crew were dead.

HON. JAMES G. BLAINE.

Renews his Pennsylvania Campaign.

THE EPISCOPALIANS.

The old Sacrament.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27. The annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal church resumed its session this forenoon. A message was received from the Hon. of Bishops deciding that in the judgment of the church the use of the unfeigned name of the grace of baptism is warranted by the example of our Lord and an unauthorized departure of the Catholic church.

Marriage and Divorce.

A resolution was adopted providing for a joint committee which would be recommended the whole subject of marriage and divorce to report thereon to the general convention.

NATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27. The officers of the National Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers met to-day to elect a president.

About 60 feet of the roof of the new aqueduct tunnel caved in this morning at shaft two, filling the tunnel and causing a loss of \$90,000 to Brown, Howard & Co.

MASSACHUSETTS.

New England Cotton Manufacturers.

BOSTON, Oct. 27. The semi-annual meeting of the New England Cotton Manufacturers was to-day opened.

The following papers were read and discussed: "The Cotton Industry," by Charles M. Wager, Director of the New England Cotton Manufacturers; "New method of Ginning Spindles," by Charles A. Coggeshall; the subjects of English cards and carding, as compared with American cards, as assigned as the subject for general discussion.

FIRE MARSHAL.

BOSTON, Oct. 27. At a meeting of the Executive Council to-day Gov. Robinson nominated Charles W. Whitcomb for Fire Marshal of the State. Mr. Whitcomb was originally a member of the legislature of the last legislature. Mr. Whitcomb is an attorney and graduate of Dartmouth. He represented Ward 18 in the City Council in 1884 and 1885 and for the past few years has been a member of the Board of Aldermen of Boston.

At Leavenworth, Mr. Blaine was greeted with an immense crowd and his remarks were enthusiastically received. Mr. Blaine has been a member of the legislature in Maine to the valley of the Kennebec, Penobscot and Androscoggin and said the citizens of both would have on the country, since the result of the coming election would be taken as an expression of their views as between two poles.

He entered the city to-day not to stanch his efforts, but to sustain their representatives in Congress and do all they could to aid the Republican party.

At Rock Haven Mr. Blaine repeated substantially the speech he had made at Belchamp.

At Williamsport Mr. Blaine was greeted with an immense crowd and his remarks were enthusiastically received. Mr. Blaine has been a member of the legislature in the valley of the Kennebec, Penobscot and Androscoggin and said the citizens of both would be disastrously affected if the Democrats succeeded in having Canadians admitted free of duty, as they had tried to do at the time of the election of Congress.

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